# Seminar III: R/Bioconductor

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**Note:** Questions through the forum please. Those who are not from the sixth LCG generation send us an email so we can register you on the forum.

#### Abstract

With the following exercises you'll practice creating some advanced plots. You'll have to explain every plot.

### 1 lattice

- 1. Using our object t1, create a histogram of the BAC sizes with one panel per chromosome.
- 2. With the object t2 from class, first normalize the position variable per chromosome (use tapply to find out the max values per chromosome). Then create density plots for your normalized position variable. Every chromosome has to have its own panel.

- 3. For chromsomes X and Y, and using the normalized position variable, make a densityplot grouping the information by the reference allele. For each chromosome, separate the data by the AK1.allele variable<sup>1</sup>. Your resulting plot should have 8 panels.
- 4. (Optional) Check out the latticeExtra package and make a plot with one of its functions.

## 2 plotrix

- 1. Using the original t2 object, plot for every chromosome the mean position with error bars. We did something very similar with t1 on class.
- 2. Create a bar plot with the table information for the following data:

```
> df <- data.frame(G1 = c(25, 5, 20), G2 = c(30, 6, 22), G3 = c(40,
+ 6, 18))
> df
G1 G2 G3
1 25 30 40
2 5 6 6
3 20 22 18
```

3. (Optional) With whichever data you want, create an interesting plot using hierobarp. Don't use the default examples.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Remember that you can use more than 1 factor